Senator Fikins Says the President Is Not in Favor of the Townsend Bill and That He Knows It Cannot Now Pass -How the Democratic Members Stand.

Washington, Feb. 21.—If additional evidence were needed to show that no railway rate law will be put on the statute books by the Fifty-eighth Congress, it We've been walking the streets for six was furnished to-day by the proceedings hours, and we're so fired and wet and hungry." Commerce and a subsequent interesting colloquy in the Senate chamber.

The committee held a lively session. which resulted in nothing more than a decision to postpone action on the rate question until Friday next, eight days before final adjournment. In the Senate Mr. Berry of Arkansas desired to know if the Interstate Commerce Committee would report a rate bill early enough to give the Senate a chance to act upon it. The responses made were interesting, but hardly

If he read between the lines of the brief speeches of committee members, as other Senators did, he must have seen that the rate question is a dead issue in the present Congress. The situation in the Interstate Commerce Committee and in Condiscussion that took place in the Senate. Mr. Carmack of Tennessee presented a thereupon asked the pertinent question

colleague to Senator Elkins, the chairman warmly enough. of the Interstate Commerce Committee, Townsend bill came over from the House she said. ten days ago, and more witnesses were to be heard on Thursday.

"I don't know what the individual sentiments of the members of the committee are," said Mr. Elkins, "but there are five or six amendments which must be considered. I don't know whether the bill can be perfected in time to report it at this session or not. It does seem to be doubtful that a bill can pass at this session. There McLoughlin wept for joy when he learned are now nine or ten working days left, they were safe. He took the two youngest and the members of this committee are elso members of the committees in charge of the great supply bills.

economic question. We are receiving few days. thousands of letters on this subject and most of them are to the effect that hasty WOMEN WHO AID IMMIGRANTS. legislation is undesirable. We ought to hear both sides of this question

Mr. Carmack assured the Senator from Arkansas that such "joyous harmony pre-*ailed in the committee that party lines were obliterated." He added: "We are all, down to myself, stung by a keen desire to of the President, and I am authorized by at work. the chairman to state—and he will correct me if I am in error—that we recognize the foremost disciple and ablest lieutenant of William J. Bryan."

of William J. Bryan."
This last sally caused more laughter.
Mr. Berry did not seem particularly enlightened by the explanations made, but he made no effort to seek further infor-

The session of the Interstate Commerce Committee developed that its members held widely divergent views, which could not be reconciled, except, perhaps, in an agreement on the part of a majority of them that the committee should make some sort of a report to the Senate on the rate question before the Congress ended. At times every member talked at once, and considerable confusion prevailed.

Most significant in the committee's proceedings was that while an attempt was

made to have it take up the Townsend

rate bill, which the House had passed, it resulted in no test vote.

Senator Dolliver made the proposition in the form of a motion, which provided also that all other bills to increase the powers of the Interstate Commerce Commission should have immediate consideration and that the committee should have daily meetings until it reached a conclusion.

There was a chorus of remonstrance, in which several of the Democratic members is likely at the Committee of the Democratic members is likely.

joined Then Senator Elkins managed to make himself heard. He insisted that the matter was too important to be dis-posed of hastily. Senator Dolliver found support in a meas-

Senator Dolliver found support in a measure from two of his Republican colleagues. Senators Cullom and (Clapp, Mr. Cullom insisting that it was courtesy due to President Roosevelt that some attention should be paid to his recommendation in fevor of rate legislation. He suggested that the committee amend the House bill so as to make it a better and safer measure and give its provisions a trial by the Interstate Commerce Commission, with the idea of remedying errors later on. Senator Carmack, one of the Demogratic committeemen, spoke also for the Dolliver motion, but he made it plain that, while he thought the committee should take action of some sort, he regarded the House bill as wholly unfit and declared he would not vote for it in its present form.

in its present form.

Senator Kean had something to say that, did not harmonize with the views of those did not harmonize with the views of those among his Republican colleagues who supported the Dolliver motion. He said that the House bill could be shot full of boles by nearly every lawyer who had examined it. Many of its provisions were unconstitutional, he said, and it was apparent that it not only did not provide for remedying the evils of which the shippers complained but jeopardized the interests.

complained but jeopardized the interests of those who held radway securities.

In the course of some additional remarks in opposition to action at this time, Mr. President realized that nothing could be done at the present session and, furthermore, did not indorse the House bill as it more, did not indorse the rootse out as it is stood. Mr. Elkins declared also that the President was willing to take the responsibility for a postponement of action, as he had received assurances that there would be a thorough investigation of the rate question by Congress committees during

Mr. Dolliver insisted that his motion be Mr. Dolliver insisted that his motion be voted on. He encountered not only more Republican opposition, but some of the Democrats declined to agree with him. Senator Newlands, for example, made known that he wanted the committee to investigate the subject exhaustively before it decided what course it should pursue. The usehot of the discussion was that he

the decided what course it should pursue.

The upshot of the discussion was that the committee, without voting on Mr. Dolliver's motion, decided to have a meeting on Thursday to hear Stuyvesant Fish, president of the Illinois Central Railroad, and other apponents of the House bill, and to hold another meeting on Friday to talk further on the question of taking action at this session. Mr. Dolliver told the committee that he would press his motion on Friday, and if it were not adopted would insist that the committee agree to make a report on the rate matter early in the Fifty-ninth Congress.

Two Democratic members of the com-Two Democratic members of the committee, Senators McLaurin and Foster, said during the meeting that they had not determined what their course would be with reference to the House bill. There are five Democrats on the committee and they may be classified as follows. One is favor of rate legislation, but opposed to the House bill; one in layor of postponing action until the rate question has been thoroughly investigated; two incertain as to what they want, but one of them inclined to believe that the committee should make a report at the messen specific one (Senator Fill-watt, but one of them inclined to believe that the committee should make a report at the messen specific one (Senator Fill-watt, but one of them inclined to believe that the committee should make a report at the messen specific one (Senator Fill-watter).

WANDERED HOURS WITH BABIES.

Insane Woman and 4 Children Out All Night in the Wet, Father Seeking Them. 'A comely Irish woman with red cheeks and a wealth of black hair walked into Bellevue Hospital early yesterday morning. carrying a young child in each arm, with an older boy and girl hanging to her skirts.

"Can you give me and my little ones a place to sleep?" she asked Clatekeeper Nugent, and then burst into tears. had trouble with my husband last night and took my babies out into the rain because I couldn't live at home any longer.

The gatekeeper directed her to the City Lodging House where she described herself as Bridget McLoughlin of 402 Third avenue. She said that her husband, Barney, worked in a livery stable at Fourth avenue and Thirtieth street.

The Gerry society was notified to send for the two elder children. Mamie, aged 6, and Stephen, 4. Mrs. McLoughlin kept two-year-old Nellie and Willie, eight

The woman had scarcely gone to bed satisfying to the yearning of Mr. Berry for with her little ones snuggled to her breast when she began to scream frantically. e matron ran in to quiet her.

"Don't let them electrocute me," she wailed. "I didn't mean to let little Margaret die. I thought I had dressed her warm enough."

The matron at once sent the woman gress was pretty well explained by the back to Bellevue Hospital in an ambulance with her two children fast asleep. She told Dr. Thornton of the psychopathic memorial from some people in his State ward that the twin sister of little Nellie praying for rate legislation, and Mr. Berry | died on New Year's eve of pneumonia. She declared that the baby died through Mr. Carmack referred his Arkansas her own carelessness in not dressing it

"I know I'm to blame, and I deserve to who responded that the committee had be electrocuted, but I couldn't bear to part been busy holding hearings ever since the with my babies, so I ran away with them,"

When the woman's husband, a sober, hard working man, went bome Monday night and found his family gone he was frantic. He knew that his wife's mind had become unbalanced through the death of her child, so he started out to search the city. He visited every East Side police station, but it didn't occur to him to go to Bellevue until vesterday afternoon. children home, to be cared for by his sister. but on the advice of Father Donovan of St. Stephen's Church decided to leave the "We have heard but one side of this great older children with the Gerry society for a

Various Reports on Their Work Made to

the Council of Jewish Women. The New York section of the Council of Jewish Women met in the vestry rooms of the West End Synagogue, 154 West Eighty-

second street, yesterday afternoon to hear execute at the earliest possible moment the promise made by the President to the at Ellis Island, talk about "Immigrant" people of the United States to carry out Girls" and to state how many persons she the piedges contained in the Democratic has saved from deportation and for how platform [laughter]. The whole com- many she has secured employment or mittee intends to be guided by the wisdom found relatives in the year she has been Miss Sadie American, president of the

council, made a plea for money to keep up the work of their representative at Ellis Island, and showed how necessary it was to have a person in some such capacity to assist immigrants when they reach here.

Mrs. Meirowits reported in German, which Miss American translated. The report showed that in the last year 200 immigrant girls and women were sent to the Sixth street home, by the Council's representative.

sixth street home, by the Council's representative.

Miss Rhodes, secretary of the New York Association of Household Research, told of the investigation of lodging houses, boarding houses, immigrant homes for girls and working girls now being made by the society, and of the number of employment agency licenses they have had revoked through evidence obtained by their own

through evidence obtained by their own tendent of the Clara de Hirsch Home, urged

the women to take immigrant girls into their homes as servants. "Have patience with them during the first year, she said, "because when they don't understand the language it is very bard for them to get on and our ways of doing are so entirely different from what girls who have had good places in respectable homes have come to me after a month asking for a new place, saying that the place was so grand, we thought there must be some a lot nicer, and we want the nicest places."

The home has engaged a young woman to visit these girls and find out how they are, and if their places are all the home

NO NEW HAVEN ARRITRATION President Mellen Declines an Offer Made

on Behalf of the Firemen. NEW HAVEN, Feb. 21.-President Mellen of the New Haven railroad, after two days of consideration of a proposition for arbitration from the grievance committee of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen. sent this afternoon a reply to second Vice-Grand Master Timothy H.Shea and Andrew F. Kelly, who are at the head of the griev-

neers of the New Haven road to ascertain whether the firemen's proposition would be acceptable to the engineers. Mr. Mellen said it was not acceptable to the engineers' committee, because the plan left the engineers out of consideration, notwithstand-

ing that the engineers are a principal party to the controversy, according to Mr. Mellen. The president explained that under these circumstances the company had no option but to inform the firemen's grievance com-mittee of its rejection of the plan. The reply was disappointing to Mr. Shea, Mr. Kelly and the other members of the grievance committee, who are in session in this city daily. It was plain to be seen in Mr. Shea's countenance that he was worried

over the turn affairs had taken.

Those who have been watching the progress of this railroad trouble and who are familiar with the views of the leaders in the firemen's brotherhood were of the opinion to-night that the outlook for a quick settlement of the dispute was not encouraging. Mr. Shea and Mr. Kelly are both very anxious to avoid a strike. Mr. Shea said that he would go to New York to-morrow to meet Grand Master Hanrahan of the firemen's hypotherhood, who have here

ers at four collieries declared strikes today without the authority of their district

Workers came to town yesterday to confer with the local officers about organizing the iteside iron workers. So far as the houses miths are concerned, he said, no trouble is looked for in building this year.

PHILIPPINE TARIFF BILL

PASSED WITH CLAUSE PERMIT-TING OPIUM IMPORTS.

Average Rate of Duty on Shipments to the Islands About 20 Per Cent. -Fffort to Put Cotton, Iron, Etc., From United States on Free List Fails.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—The Philippine Tariff bill reported from the Committee on Ways and Means a few days ago was passed by the House this afternoon, after a motion to recommit with instructions to add the articles in several schedules when imported from the United States on the free list had disagreed to-84 to 109. The bill relates only to importations into the Philippines, and the average rate of duty proposed is about 20 per cent., as it is intended solely for a revenue measure.

An arrangement was made to take up the river and harbor appropriation bill

to-morrow, two hours to be consumed in general debate.

Mr. Payne, explaining the provisions of the Philippine bill said that it had been agreed to by all the officials and departments agreed to by all the officials and departments interested in the management of the Islands. No preference had been given to imports from the United States for the reason that similar preferences would have to be given to those of Spain up to Jan. 1, 1909, and under the "most favored nation" clause in most commercial treaties. The result would be to open the Philippine markets to the products of all nations practically on the same basis.

The most Emportant part of the bill related to opium. Under Spanish rule its importation had been prohibited. By the act of 1901 a duty had been collected upon importations, but owing to the dangers attending its use the Philippine commission desired to prohibit its importation into the islands.

into the islands.

An investigation had been made, and the commission was of opinion that the law of Formosa excluding opium from that island was best adapted to the Philippines. It was believed that the change to exclusion could not be made under three years time, so the bill gave the commission power to exclude the importation of opium within the three years, in the meantine collecting a tariff upon it.

When the bill was being read for amendment Mr. Hitchcock (Dem., Neb.) offered an amendment prohibiting the importation of opium into the Philippine Islands except for medicinal purposes. Lost—39 to 49. into the islands.

to 49.

The following amendment, proposed by

The following amendment, proposed by Mr. Smith, thep., la.), was adopted "But no license system shall be established with a view to the derivation of revenue from the traffic in said drug, and no license fees or taxes, except duties on imports, shall in any event be higher than deemed necessary to cover the cost of administration of any legislation licensing the traffic in said drug."

Without any change of importance, consideration of the bill was completed and it was reported to the House. Mr. Cooper (Dem., Tex.) moved to recommit the bill with instructions to the Committee on Ways and Means to report it back with cotton,

Will Have a Part of the Contracts for New Hattleship Armor.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21 .- Another conofficers of the Midvale Steel Company has brought forth a decision that the com-

brought forth a decision that the company shall have 1,000 out of 8,000 tons of the contract for the armor plats for the battleship New Hampshire and the cruisers Montana and North Carolina.

As late as yesterday it was stated positively at the Navy Department that no reason had been shown why the Midvale company should expect even a part of the contract, and that Secretary Morton would adhere to his decision of two weeks ago to divide the contract between the Bethlehem and Carnegie companies, tonly other bidders.

When the bids were originally opened it was found that the Midvale concern's bid was far and away lower than that of the two other companies, which furnished identical bids. A board was appointed to investigate the capacity of the Midvale plant, and recommended that that company get no part of the contract. Members of this board were in attendance at the conference of the contract in the city immediate relief it will react to the disadvantage of the man Mr. Odell hopes to nominate for Mayor of New York.

Mayor McClellan commenced his argument by showing that what was to the interest of the entire State.

"I come to you to appeal for legislation to meet a situation that is alarming." he said. "The emergency that now confronts us is the most serious in the history of our city. There is a shortage in our water supply."

"We have reached the limit in our water supply."

"We have reached the limit in our water supply. One dry year would bring untold misery. Three dry years would mean a famine too dreadful to contemplate."

Mayor McClellan commenced his argument by showing that what was to the interest of New York.

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The city immediate relief it will react to the di poard were in attendance at the confer ence to-day between Secretary Morton and President Harran, Vice-President Sullivan and Engineer Petre of the Midvale company. The members of the board, it is sald, stood firm on their former decision that Midvale could not handle the contract Secretary aorton, however, de-cided to give the Midvale at least the chance its officers graved and has directed that a contract be made with the company for 1,000 tons of the armor, with a provision that the company live up to its present con-tract for armor for the battleships Idaho and Mississippi, let in 1963, deliveries of which are to begin in a few months.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21. - The colliers Casar and Marcellus have arrived at Guan-

gunboat Wasp has sailed from Chiriqui for Pensacola; the tug Pentiac from New York for Newport; the gunboats El-cano and Villalobos and the collier Nanshan

Hawley Put on Retired List.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.-The Military Academy Appropriation bill was passed by the Senate to-day. An amendment adopted places on the retired list of the army as a Brigadier-General Senator Joterm as Senator expires on March +

Army and Navy Orders.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21 .- These army orders have been issued:

First Lieut, Arthur W. Morse, from Vancouver Barracks to the Philippine Islands.

Contract Surgeon Freston S. Kellogg, from Fort Robinson, Neb., to the Philippine Islands.

Contract Surgeon Marion F. Marvin, from the Philippines Division to Fort Robinson, Neb.

Capt. Conway H. Arnoid, Jr., Artillery Corps, from treatment at General Hospital, Fort Bayard, to Denver, Col., and enter upon recruiting duty, relieving Capt. Michael M. Menamee. Fifteenth Cavalry, who, on being relieved, will rejoin his regiment.

giment.

Frig. Gen. Charles G. Hood, U. S. Army, retired, sailed as professor of military science and tactics. Girard College, Philadelphia.

Lapt. Henry T. Ferguson. Commissary, to San

This naval order has been issued Paymaster F. P. Sackett, when discharged from moon Hospital. Panama, to home.

SUICIDE OVER LOST ARM. Young Man, Despondent Because He Was Crippied, Finally Takes His Life.

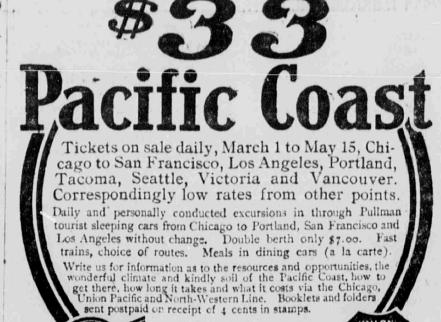
George J. Daneck, 18 years of age, of 154

George J. Daneck, 18 years of age, of 154
Ferry street, Newark, drank carbolic acid
while waiting on the stoop of his home
early yesterday morning for his mother
to let him in. He died in St. James's Hospital an hour and a half later.

Daneck lost an arm about two years
ago by falling under a train at Spring Lake.
He was studying designing at the time of
the accident and for a while afterward
continued his course at an art school. Recently, however, his parents had decided
to make wrangements for him to study o make arrangements for him to study

But the young man was despondent over his lost arm, and on Monday morning he said to his mother as he was dressing: "Look here, mother, at my empty sleave "Look here, mother, at my empty sleeve and to think that it will be that way always."

axative Bromo Quinine Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days 6. M. Grove Dox. 250



All agents sell tickets via this line.

Ulster county is to introduce a bill along similar lines to that of the Apgar West-chester county bill, which will prevent New York city from acquiring any water-shed rights in Ulster county.

BILL FOR STATE CENSUS.

Senate Votes for Enumeration for Legis-

lative Reapportionment.

ful effort on the part of Senator McCarren

to amend it, the State Senate to-day by a

unanimous vote passed Senator Raines's

bill providing for the taking of an enumera-

tion of the inhabitants of the State, in the

months of May and June next, upon which

to base a legislative reapportionment.

The bill carries an appropriation of \$300,000.

objected to the advancing to a third read-

ing of Senator Elsberg's bill which prac-

tically pensions Judges in the Fifst Depart-

ment, after they retire on account of the age limit, by providing that they shall con-

tinue to receive their Judge's salary for

life, though they will be known and act

if they comply with the rules of the State Insurance Department. The bill also pro-vides that no one in this State can take

out insurance in a company not authorized to do business in this State unless he has made every effort to get insurance from a company which is authorized to do business. The Volunteer Firemen get a percentage out of insurance business.

sistant foremen of the Fire Department.

CHECK ON INSURANCE OFFICERS.

Bill to Prevent Them From Having Interest.

in Contracts With Companies.

ALBANY, Feb. 21.-Assemblyman Horn-

idge introduced a bill which is supposed to

have some bearing on the present state of

affairs in the Equitable Life Assurance

Society. It provides that no officer of a

life insurance company, trust company, savings bank or a benevolent order, or of a fraternal beneficiary society or asso-

cus ion shall be or become interested, di-rectly or indirectly, as contracting party,

partner, stockholder or otherwise, under or in the performance of any contract, work

taken by the same.

be punished for a misdemeanor.

theria as a New One Came.

by diphtheria within eight days, the last, Walter, aged 3, having died at 1:10

Senators Armstrong and Hinman to-day

ALBANY, Feb. 21.-After an unsuccess-

The Best of Everything.

MAYOR URGES HIS WATER BILL

BACKED BY SETH LOW AT AN MEANY HEARING.

McClellan Makes a Strong Plea fer His Plan to Take the Supply From Uster County-State Commission Opposed Strong Fight Against the Measure.

ALBANY, Feb. 21.-Mayor McClellan appeared to-day before the three legislative committees which have in charge the question of the State's water supply and made an urgent and forcible plea for his bill permitting the city to go into Ulster county and take its supply from Rondout, Esopus

and Catskill creeks. The Mayor was backed up by Seth Low. and was accompanied to Albany by Corporation Counsel Delany, Commissioner Oakley, ex-Commissioner Robert Green Monroe and a number of representatives of city organizations. The Mayor and Mr. Low were entertained at function by the Governor.

life, though they will be known and act as official referees. It was pointed out that the bill was an attempt to whip the devil around the stump in order to defeat the section of the Constitution declaring that Judges shall retire at 70 and their compensation shall then cease.

Senator Saxe's automobile speed bill, which imposes imprisonment as well as a fine, to-day was recommitted for a hearing.

Assemblyman Bedell to-day, at the request of the New York State Volunteer Firemer's Association, introduced a bill which is aimed to make the foreign insurance companies pay something for the lusiness that they get from this State. The bill gives foreign fire insurance companies the privilege of doing business in this State if they comply with the rules of the State It had been originally intended to have a hearing on the Mayor's bill providing for a municipal lighting plant, but the with instructions to the Committee on Ways and Means to report it back with cotton, cotton goods, iron and iron manufactures, leather and leather goods, wheat flour, rice, meats and fish imported from the United States on the free list.

The motion to recommit was lost, 84 to o'clock the House adjourned until to-morrow.

The motion to recommit was lost, 84 to o'clock the House adjourned until to-morrow.

Jr., little anticipated when he had Gov. MIDVALE CO. SCORES A POINT. Higgins write the special message to the Legislature favoring a State commission. By that message Mr. Odell hoped to put Mayor McClellan into a political hole. But the attitude of the Mayor to-day led many ference between Secretary Morton and to believe that if there is any politics in the matter it is the Republican party managers who are playing it, and that if the

supply. One dry year would bring great discomfort. Two dry years would bring untold misery. Three dry years would mean a famine too dreadful to contemplate."

Mayor McClellan proceeded to show that the increase in the population was such

the increase in the population was such that more water was constantly needed.

He asserted that, according to the growth of the city, in 1925 there must be \$48,000,000 gallons of water for the use of the city, an increase of about a half billion over what the city now has. The question was where the city now has. The question was where to go for it. He showed that there was no hope from Long Island nor in Westchester county. The Adirondacks were too far away, as it would cost \$100,000,000 to buil in aqueduct to bring it to New York city. .ake George was as far away, and the water rom there would have to be pumped, as

lake lies so low. There are two possible sources left usthe Hudson and three streams in Ulster until we have exhausted other sources. We would be obliged to build an immense filtration plant at Hyde Park, where the

filtration plant at Hyde rais."
effects of the salt water are lost."
The Mayor also asserted that even the Hudson would not bring about the desired result unless reservoirs were built in the

Hudson would not bring about the desired result unless reservoirs were built in the Adirondacks to feed the river.

"A State commission," he said, "would require time. It might report to the next Legislature that another commission be appointed to superintend this work. This might take five years before the work would be started. We must undertake this work at once. All we seek is the Uister county watershed, and we are ready to go ahead with the work to-day. As the city will have to pay the cost of this work. I submit that it should have the right of spending the money."

ne money."
The Mayor concluded by saying: "Amend my bill; emasculate it as you see ft. But give us water, that is what we want at once. We need it at once. We need it as we never needed it before. But don't emasculate it so that it will be a nonpartisan board and against home rule, and so it will not bring about speed." Ex-Mayor Low said that be agreed with every word that Mayor McClellan had said in regard to the urgency of the situa-tion. Of a State water commission Mr. Low said that it would be appropriate work for the State as affecting more than one community, if the State will do it, using its own credit, as Massachusetts does. Otherwise there is no more reason

does. Otherwise there is no more reason why the State should build water works for the city than its bridges. Mr. Low said that the Legislature should Mr. Low said that the Legislature should authorize the immediate construction of this work by a commission to be appointed by the Mayor, substantially on the lines suggested by Mr. McCiellan, when the plans have been approved by the State Engineer and State Health Commissioner as to the minimum flow of streams. Other points made by Mr. Low were:

That the Legislature authorize the Government of the control o

points made by Mr. Low were:

That the Legislature authorize the Governor to appoint a commission to investigate the water question at large, from the general point of view, especially with reference to the policy to be pursued in regard to supplying, not only New York city with water, but also all other communities dependent on the same watersheds; to pollution of streams, and to negotiating, if possible, with the State of Connecticut for the use of the waters of the Ten Mile River and the upper Housatonic districts. River and the upper Housatonic districts.

That the Legislature adopt a joint resolution for a constitutional amendment, authorizing New York city, and, if it is water bonds for extension of the water

Ex-Supreme Court Justice Clearwater of Kingston, on behalf of Ulster county, opposed the bill, as did Abraham J. Miller, representing the Board of Supervisors of Putnam county, Assemblyman J. T. Smith of Dutchess and A. K. Smith of West-chaster.

Schmitt Brothers, To-morrow Assemblyman Coutant of 40 East 23d Street.

Chippendale

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The facts to fix most

FIRST—That the Furniture best worth buying

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of wood and work as you may hope to

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is here in stock or will be

SECOND-That, qual-

B. Altman & Co.

SALE OF

White Batiste Robes and Trimming Laces.

Beginning to-morrow (Thursday), the following styles of Robes and Trimming Laces will be placed on sale:

White Batiste Robes (unmade) with inserting effects of hand drawn work, the regular price of which is \$25.00, at . . . \$16.75

Net Edges and Guipure Galoons, heretofore from \$1.00 to \$4.00 per yard, at One-Half the Regular Prices.

(Rear of Rotunda, First Floor.)

SALE OF SUMMER DRESS GOODS. COMMENCING TO MORROW (THURSDAY).

B. Altman & Co. will place on sale, commencing Thursday, February 23d, Ten Thousand Yards of Silk and Cotton Chiffon Mull, in floral designs, at the special price of 40c. per Yard.

(Rear of Rotunda. First Floor.)

STATE BAR ACTS ON HOOKER.

DECIDES TO HAVE COUNSEL AT LEGISLATIVE HEARING.

Meeting in Albany Passes Lynde Stetson's Resolutions and Reseinds the Yote of the Previous Session - City Lawyers Call a General Conference.

ALBANY, Feb. 21.-The State Bar Association gave further consideration to the Hooker case at a special meeting held in this city to-day. The meeting was called at the request of more than fifty members of the association. President Richard L.

do business. The Volunteer Firemen get a percentage out of insurance business. Assemblyman Dowling introduced a bill which probibits any city from centracting a det for a patent pavement or for patent d paving materials. A bill introduced some time ago by Senator Fitzgerald (Big Tim Sullivan's representative) permitted New York city to use patented materials.

A new office is created in the New York city Fire Department by a bill introduced by Assemblyman Freidel (Rep., N. Y.). It is Chief Inspector of Combustibles, and the incumbent is to have the rank and pay of a deputy chief. All of the employees in the office of the Chief Inspector of Combustibles are to be known as inspectors and are to have the rank and pay of assemblymatibles are to be known as inspectors and are to have the rank and pay of assemblymatibles are to be known as inspectors. Hand presided, and about seventy-five prominent attorneys were present.

Secretary Frederick Wadhams read the call for the meeting, and Charles J. Buchanan of Albany presented a resolution of the executive committee that "the question of employment of counsel to represent the association before the judiciary committee of the Assembly on said investigation be referred to the association with a recommendation that the executive committee be authorized to employ counsel."

This resolution was approved, the vote showing a total absence of the Hooker

man said he had been trailing the two for some time.

According to Dr. Adams's butler, the big man had said he was a porter from the Waldorf-Astoria. The butler, thinking that some one was sick at the hotel, had asked the man to wait for the doctor.

According to Barry, the big man who said he was Hugh Bradford, a longshoreman, living at 22 Hubert street, is a novice at the game of hegging. The little man, whom the detective recognized as George Sevens, is an old hand at the business. Barry said. Stevens was waiting in a doorway near by while Bradford was in the house. Barry says that Stevens had put Bradford up to entering the two for some time.

offered three resolutions, all of which were unanimously adopted. These resolutions were: First, that the association accept the invitation to be represented by counsel; second, that the executive committee, o the association be authorized to select and retain counsel, and that the counsel should have power to confer and cooperate with counsel representing other bar associations; and third, that the resolution adopted by the association at the annual meeting in January upon motion of Mr. Fleischman

of Buffalo be rescinded. The adoption of the third resolution was greeted with hearty applause. Then the

or business, or the sale of any article the expense, price or consideration of which s payable from the treasury of any such association adjourned. The Fleischman resolution was that the life insurance company, trust company, savings bank or benevolent order, or of a State Bar Association disapproved all such fraternal beneficiary society or associa-tion, or in the purchase or lease of any real estate or other property belonging to or political practices as were disclosed by the record in the Hooker case and that the report of the grievance committee of the If any person mentioned shall during the time for which he was elected or appointed knowingly acquire an interest as above described in any contract or work with such company or association, he shall on conviction thereof forfeit his office and be considered for a considered for a consistent fo ssociation should be received and filed and the association should take no further

After adjournment of the meeting of the Bar Association the executive committee of the association met and considered the selection of counsel. The selection was THREE DIED AND ONE WAS BORN. intrusted to Chairman Lewis L. Delafield of New York and Secretary Charles J. All the Other Children Carried Off by Diph-Buchanan of Albany. No announcement Alfred Wreidt, a builder, living at 1806 will be made until the men now under consideration have been consulted. Bathgate avenue, has lost three children

The special committee of the Bar Assolast, Walter, aged 3, having died at 1:10 yesterday morning. That was all the Wreidts had at that time, but just after the last child died Mrs. Wreidt gave birth to a baby girl. She and the mother are doing well, and the doctors say there is no reason why the new baby should not escape the disease.

The first of the children to die was Margaret, aged 4, a week ago Monday. Almost immediately after her death Elsle, aged 2, was taken sick and she died on Friday. Walter was taken sick on Saturday. Drs. Robert Joyce and John Decker isolated the mother in a room downstairs. She was not told of the death of Walter until the baby had been born. On account of the mother's condition the Health Board did not place the house formally under quarantine, although no one but the doctors and nurses were let in. ciation of this city appointed by President Root at the last meeting to seek to bring about an investigation of the conduct of Justice Hooker by the Legislature has invited representatives of the Jamestown Bar Association, the Brooklyn Bar Association and the State Bar Association, to attend a conference to be held at the Bar Association here next Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock to plan a course of procedure with reference to the coming investigation by the legislative committee

The committee, which is composed of Edward Mitchell, John L. Cadwalader, Austen G. Fox, Paul D. Cravath and Franklin B. Lord, at a meeting held on Feb. 17. elected Mr. Mitchell chairman. Since the committee was appointed the Judiciary Committee of the Assembly has passed a resolution inviting the cooperation of the Bar Association in the investigation and a similar invitation has been sent to the other associations. It is for this reason that the conference has been planned. Wallace MacFarlane, former United States Distric Attorney here, has consented to act as counsel for the committee. In its invitation the Judiciary Committee of the Assembly has asked that the four associations cooperate in the matter of securing witnesses and evidence, and this matter will be taken up at the conference on Saturday.

Carpenters Again Secking Peace.

The national executive committee of the Brotherhood of Carpenters arrived in this city yesterday to make another effort to bring about peace in the building trades The committee held a session in the Ashland House, and it was said on behalf of its memhers that they would remain here until they could bring about stability in the building industry.

GAVE DR. ADAMS A SCARE. Physician Thought Alleged Novice at

Begging Was a Sandrock Smith. Dr. Calvin S. Adams, the Waldorf-Astoria physician, got quite a scare late yesterday afternoon when he returned to his home at 6 East Thirty-fourth street. A big, burly man, dressed in the garb of a longshoreman, was seated in the doctor's parlor

when he entered. Dr. Adams asked the man what he wanted, The man stared and stammered in an effort to speak. Dr. Adams, thinking he had a

hold-up man, rushed to the front door to call a policeman.

On the stoop he met Detective Sergeant Barry of the beggar squad with another but much smaller man in tow. The policeman said he had been trailing the two for some time.

This resolution was approved, the vote showing a total absence of the Hooker faction.

Francis Lynde Stetson of New York, Prancis Lynde Stetson of New York, work. Bradford's

Barry summoned a patrol wagon from the Tenderloin police station and took the pair to the East Thirty-fifth street station. where they were looked up as vagrants.

JOTTINGS ABOUT TOWN.

A memorial mass for deceased members of the Knights of Celumbus will be said this morning at 10 o'clock in the Cathodral. The officiating priests are all members of the Knights' organization.

MR. HEGE'S CURE OF ECZEMA

Grateful Letter from the Well-Known Passenger Agent of the B. & O. R. R., Washington, D. C.

CUTICURA SUCCEEDS AFTER DOCTORS FAIL

Mr. S. B. Hege, passenger agent of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, Washington, D.C., one of the best-known Be aralload men of the country, sends the following grateful letter: "Thanks to the Cuticura Remedies, I am now rid of that fearful pest, weeping eczema, for the first time in three years. It first appeared on the back of my hand in the form of a little pimple, growing into several blotches, and then on my ears and ankles. They were exceedingly painful because of the itching and burning sensation, and always raw. After the first day's treatment with Cuticura Soap, Ointment, and Pills, there was very little of the burning and itching, and the cure now seems to be com-plete. I shall be glad to aid in relieving others suffering as I was, and you may use my letter as you wish. (signed) S. B. Hege, Washington, D.C., June 9, '04."

COMPLETE TREATMENT For Every Humor from Intancy to Age, Price \$1.00

Consisting of Cuticura Soap, to cleanse the skin, Cuticura Ointment, to heal the skin, and Cuticura Resolvent Pills, to cool and cleanse the blood, may now be had of all druggists. A single set is often syfficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, and scaly humours, cozemas, rashes, and irritations, from infancy to age, when all else fails.

Cuticura fost, Cistment, and Pills are said throughout the world. Porter Drug & Cham. Corp., Soile Prope. Boston are band for " How to Cure Supensa.